NOTES AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORMS BIR56A AND IR56B

Form BIR56A

Declaration

Form IR56B should be completed and filed for each of the following persons :-

- Employees (including labourers, workers etc. whether daily paid or otherwise, and employees who have received remuneration through service company arrangements), whether resident in Hong Kong or not, whose total income (See Note 3 below) for the year from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017 is in excess of \$132,000 (if employed for less than a year, a
- proportionately reduced amount).
 Directors, married persons and part-time employees who were likely to have other income chargeable to Salaries Tax, irrespective of any amount paid and whether resident in Hong Kong or not. (ii)

Employees of any non-Hong Kong company who were assigned or seconded to your company during the year from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017 for duties in or outside Hong Kong.

Persons to whom a pension was paid or accrued during the year from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017. In the case of those pensioners who have left Hong Kong permanently, only pensions in excess of \$132,000 need to be reported.

Former employees and former directors who, during the year from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017, have realized gain by (iii)

(iv)

- the exercise, assignment or release of any share option previously granted by the employer or by any other corporation in respect of their former employment with or former office in the employer. In the case of those former employees who did not have any other income chargeable to Salaries Tax during the year, only the gain realized in excess of \$132,000 needs to be reported (See Note 9(b) below).

 Please enter the number of sheets of Form IR56B you have attached in item (1) and / or item (2) of Form BIR56A. Regarding
- Note 1(a) above, please state "NIL" in item (1) of Form BIR56A and cross out item (2). If there are no such persons as described in Note 1(a) above, please state "NIL" in item (1) of Form BIR56A and cross out item (2). If you choose to submit Form IR56B in paper form, you may:

 (i) use the printed form for the relevant year provided by the Department;

 (ii) download the form at www.ird.gov.hk; or obtain the form from the 'Fax-A-Form' Service at 2598 6001. (Form must be printed on white plain 44 size paper)

(c)

orinted on white plain A4 size paper.)

(d)

This refers to the control list generated by the "IR56B Software" provided by the Inland Revenue Department to employers,

The Declaration on the Form BIR56A and all Forms IR56B / control list submitted with the Form BIR56A must be signed by the Proprietor for a sole proprietorship business, Precedent Partner for a partnership business, Company Secretary / Manager / Director / Liquidator for a corporation, Principal Officer for a body of persons or Agent for a non-resident person.

Information on Form BIR56A and each Form IR56B/control list submitted must be complete and legible. All the forms (e)

and the control list must be signed by the same responsible person referred to in Note1(e).

Form IR56B

General Matters

Forms IR56B should be submitted in alphabetical order of surnames and then other names.

(b)

- Each Form IR56B should be marked in numerical order starting from "1". ONE numbering sequence should be used.

 Fill in the H.K. Identity Card No. of the employee at item 3(a). If the employee does not have H.K. Identity Card, provide his / her passport number and place of issue at item 3(b). Inform the Department in writing once the employee's H.K. Identity Card No. (c) is known.
- (d) Provide a copy of the completed Form IR56B to each person in Note 1(a) above. Copies of the completed Forms IR56B should be retained for your own reference.
- All amounts must be shown in **HK dollars** (excluding cents). You may visit www.ird.gov.hk/eng/tax/ind_stp.htm to check the average exchange rates of major foreign currencies for Salaries Tax purposes.

Income to be reported

- (a)
- Salaries Tax is charged on employment income arising in or derived from Hong Kong which includes income derived from services rendered in Hong Kong and remuneration paid to an employee under certain service company arrangements. Complete item 13 for those employees assigned or seconded to you and include the whole of income paid by the non-Hong Kong company in item 11. (b)
- The gross income before any deductions rather than the net sum should be reported. For example, recoupment from employees in (c) respect of expenses paid by you on their behalf; portions of income considered attributable to services rendered outside Hong Kong, etc. should be included in the gross income.

 Contributions to Recognized Retirement Schemes by employer and employee

 Report the GROSS income before deduction of contributions to recognized retirement schemes by employee at item 11(a).

 Mandatory and voluntary contributions made by employer should NOT be reported. For example:-

(d)

Monthly salary of employee = \$20,000

- (ii) $Employer's \ and \ employee's \ respective \ monthly \ contribution \ to \ a \ recognized \ retirement \ scheme = \$20,000 \times 5\% = \$1,000 \times 5\%$
- The net monthly sum received by employee = \$20,000 \$1,000 = \$19,000(iii)
- The amount to be reported at item $11(a) = $20,000 \times 12 \text{ months} = $240,000$
- Employer's contributions of \$12,000 (i.e.\$1,000 x 12 months) should **NOT** be reported at item 11.
- Income received by owners and / or their spouses from their unincorporated businesses (such as sole proprietorship or partnership businesses) is not chargeable to Salaries Tax and thus should **NOT** be reported on the Form IR56B. (e)
- Income received by persons other than employees should not be reported on the Form IR56B. Such payments should be reported on the Form IR56M. However, if the recipient is a corporation or non-local person, filing of Form IR56M is not required.

The commission and fees to be reported are the amounts that the employee or former employee became entitled to claim during the year from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017.

If the employee is entitled to claim payment of a bonus in respect of the year from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017 under the terms of employment, the amount of bonus must be reported irrespective of when it was paid. In all other circumstances the amount of bonus actually paid to the employee during the year from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017 must be reported.

Item 11(f) Back Pay, Payment in Lieu of Notice, Terminal Awards or Gratuities

- The amount to be reported here refers to the following sums accrued or paid during the period from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017:-(a)
 - a lump sum payment or gratuity paid upon retirement or termination of any office or employment or any contract of employment;
 - payment in lieu of notice, whether paid under the term of an employment contract or the Employment Ordinance; and deferred pay or arrears of pay resulting from a salaries or wages award.

However, severance payment or long service payment made in accordance with the Employment Ordinance should not be included. For example:-

An employee working for 8 years with monthly salary of \$12,000 terminated the employment

(ii) (iii) Retirement scheme benefits (that part attributable to employer's contributions) or contract gratuity = \$50,000

Amount of severance payment actually made by employer = \$96,000

The excess amount made to be reported at item 11(f)

= \$82,000 (i.e. \$96,000 – \$14,000*)

*Amount of severance payment required to be made under the Employment Ordinance

 $= (\$12,000 \times 2/3 \times 8) - \$50,000$

= \$14,000
(Note: If an employee ceased to be employed during the year, Form IR56B should not be completed. Instead, Form IR56F should be completed and filed for the employee not later than 1 month before the date of cessation. You may file Form IR56F electronically using GovHK (www.gov.hk/etax), download Form IR56F at www.ird.gov.hk or obtain it from the 'Fax-A-Form' Service at 2598 6001 (select the language and press keys (3)(2)(3)).)

Item 11(g) Certain Payments from Retirement Schemes

(a) Occupational Retirement Scheme

The following payments from occupational retirement scheme should be reported:-

- Unrecognized scheme : so much of any amount received as is attributable to the employer's contributions. Recognized scheme [ORSO scheme]: so much of any amount received by reason **other than** termination of service, death, incapacity, terminal illness or retirement as is attributable to the employer's contributions or in case of termination of service, so much of any excess of the amount received over the proportionate benefit as defined in section 8(4) and (5) of the Inland Revenue Ordinance which is attributable to the employer's contributions.
- Any payment received pursuant to a judgment given under section 57(3)(b) of the Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance that is attributable to the employer's contributions. The aforesaid payment is awarded by the court in respect of the shortfall between the employee's vested benefits and the amount received by him / her upon the winding up of the scheme.

(b)

Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (MPF Scheme)
The following payments from MPF Scheme should be reported:-

so much of any amount received by reason other than termination of service, death, incapacity, terminal illness or retirement as is attributable to the employer's voluntary contributions; or

in case of termination of service, so much of any excess of the amount received or taken to have been received #over the proportionate benefit as defined in section 8(4) and (5) of the Inland Revenue Ordinance which is attributable to the employer's voluntary contributions.

Upon termination of service, if the employee chooses to retain his accrued benefits as is attributable to the employer's **voluntary** contributions within the MPF Scheme or transfer them to another MPF Scheme, section 8(9) of the Inland Revenue Ordinance deems the employee to have received the accrued benefits at the date of termination of service. Accordingly the proportionate benefit rule needs to be considered and the excess amount should be reported.

Proportionate Benefit Rule

The proportionate benefit rule is used to determine the amount to be reported where an employee terminates employment and receives (or is taken to have received) benefits from an ORSO Scheme or a MPF Scheme. The rule provides that if an employee has worked for less than 10 years for an employer, the amount received or taken to have been received under the scheme, upon termination of service, in respect of the employer's voluntary contributions is exempt to the following extent:-

Accrued benefit under the scheme* x completed months of service

For a MPF Scheme, the accrued benefit is equal to the employer's voluntary contributions and the investment return attributable to the employer's voluntary contributions. For an ORSO Scheme, the accrued benefit is equal to the employer's contributions and the investment return attributable to the employer's contributions.

For example, where :-

- the accrued benefit received under an ORSO Scheme or a MPF Scheme is \$100,000
- the number of completed months of service is 72

The proportionate benefit would be $3100,000 \times 72/120 = 60,000$

\$100,000 x /2/120 = \$60,000

Accordingly, the amount to be reported at item 11(g) would be Amount received - Proportionate Benefit
= \$100,000 - \$60,000 = \$40,000

In relation to the proportionate benefit rule, it is the length of service with the employer and not the length of scheme membership that is taken into account in the calculation of the benefit. (ii)

Item 11(i) Education Benefits

Education benefits are any amounts paid by an employer in connection with the education of an employee's child / children.

Item 11(j) Gain realized under Share Option Scheme

If, during the year from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017, an employee or a director **exercised**, **assigned or released** any share option granted by the employer or by any other corporation in respect of his / her employment with or office in the employer, any resulting gain calculated in accordance with section 9(4) of the Inland Revenue Ordinance ("share option gain") (a)

should be reported here.

Any share option gain realized by a former employee or a former director during the year from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017 (b) should also be reported here. If there was only one exercise, assignment or release transaction, the date of transaction should be shown as both the start date and the end date at item 10. If there were more than one transaction, the date of the first transaction should be shown as the start date and the date of the last transaction should be shown as the end date at item 10. A list should be provided, containing the following information in respect of each such former employee or former director:-

- (i) name and HKIC no. / passport no.; and
 (ii) the sheet number of Form IR56B.

 If an employee or a director was **granted** a share option by the employer or by any other corporation in respect of his / her employment with or office in the employer during the year from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017, a list should be provided, containing the following information in respect of each such employee or director:

 - name and HKIC no. / passport no.; name of the corporation in respect of which the option was granted; and
 - the number of shares subject to the option.

Item 11(k) Any other Rewards, Allowances or Perquisites 10.

- The amount to be reported here should include any :(a) perquisites in cash or of such a nature that either they may be converted into cash or are money's worth. Examples are motor car as a gift, award of shares, etc.;
- cash allowances for food, travelling, servants, housing, cost of living, etc.; "Dim Yung" commission;

- payment or reimbursement by the employer of personal expenses contracted and incurred by the employee; tips, including sums known by the employer to have been received by the employee from other persons; and amount paid by the employer for holiday journey benefits enjoyed by the employee or his family members.

11(I) Pensions

Only pensions paid by the employer should be included here. **Item 12 Place of Residence provided**

12.

- A place of residence provided includes places where all or part of the rent paid by employees has been refunded, and details must be shown on whether the place was provided by the employer or an associated corporation. For the purposes of this note, the term "associated corporation" means a corporation over which the employer has control or if the employer is a corporation which has control over the employer or a corporation which is under the control of the same person as is the employer. Control means the power of a person, either by means of holding shares or by means of powers granted, to conduct the affairs of the corporation in where two or more employees shared the place of residence provided, please include a note to that effect at item 14 of Form IR56B.
- (b)

Item 13 Payment by a non-Hong Kong company

The amount to be reported is the amount paid by the non-Hong Kong company. However, this sum MUST also be included at item 11 of Form IR56B (See Note 3(a) above).

Other Obligations of An Employer and Further Information 14.

- You may visit www.ird.gov.hk/eng/pdf/ir56h_e.pdf to read information regarding the other obligations of an employer; Specimens of completed Employer's return can be viewed at www.ird.gov.hk/eng/tax/ere.htm#A02, or obtained through the 'Fax-A-Form' Service at 2598 6001 (select the language and press keys (3) (7)); (b)
- For further information or assistance, you may:-

 - visit www.ird.gov.hk and view the related information under "Tax Information : Employers"; write (G.P.O. Box 132 Hong Kong) or fax (2877 1232) to the Assessor, quoting your file number and day-time contact telephone number; telephone 187 8022; or call at the Central Enquiry Counter at 1/F of the Revenue Tower, 5 Gloucester Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong. (ii)